

MINISTÉRIO DA EDUCAÇÃO FUNDAÇÃO UNIVERSIDADE DE BRASÍLIA

ONCURSO PÚBLICO

CADERNO DE PROVAS PARTE II

CONHECIMENTOS ESPECÍFICOS

CARGO

41:TRADUTOR
INTÉRPRETE

MANHÃ

ATENÇÃO!

Leia atentamente as instruções constantes na capa da Parte I do seu caderno de provas.

- 1 Nesta parte II do seu caderno de provas, confira atentamente os seus dados pessoais e os dados identificadores de seu cargo transcritos acima com o que está registrado em sua folha de respostas. Confira também o seu nome e o nome do seu cargo no rodapé de cada página numerada desta parte II de seu caderno de provas. Caso o caderno esteja incompleto, tenha qualquer defeito, ou apresente divergência quanto aos seus dados pessoais ou aos dados identificadores de seu cargo, solicite ao fiscal de sala mais próximo que tome as providências cabíveis, pois não serão aceitas reclamações posteriores nesse sentido.
- Quando autorizado pelo chefe de sala, no momento da identificação, escreva, no espaço apropriado da folha de respostas, com a sua caligrafia usual, a seguinte frase:

Conectar computadores é um trabalho. Conectar pessoas é uma arte.

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OBSERVAÇÕES

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CONHECIMENTOS ESPECÍFICOS

Alternative medicine is, by definition, an alternative to something else: modern, Western medicine. But the term "alternative" can be misleading, even off-putting for some people.

Few practitioners of homeopathy, acupuncture, "herbalism" and the like regard their therapies as complete substitutes for modern medicine. Rather, they consider their disciplines as supplementary to orthodox medicine.

The problem is that many doctors refuse even to recognize natural or alternative medicine. But whatever doctors may think, the demand for alternative forms of medical therapy is stronger than ever before, as the limitations of modern medical science become more widely understood.

Alternative therapies are often dismissed by orthodox medicine because they are sometimes administered by people with no formal medical training. But, in comparison with many traditional therapies, western medicine as we know it today is a very recent phenomenon. Until only 150 years ago, herbal medicine and simple inorganic compounds were the most effective treatments available.

Despite the medical establishment's intolerant attitude, alternative therapies are being accepted by more and more doctors, and the World Health Organization has agreed to promote the integration of proven, valuable, alternative knowledge and skills in Western medicine.

Internet:<www.miguelmllop.com> (adapted)

Based on the text, judge the items below.

- 51 Modern Western medicine is the same as modern alternative medicine.
- 52 Most practitioners of alternative medicine believe that it is a perfect substitute for modern medicine.
- 53 Orthodox medicine is the same as modern medicine.
- 54 Modern medicine does not reckon natural medicine as such.
- 55 Never before has alternative medicine been so popular.
- 56 Nowadays, modern medical science is more broadly known.
- 57 According to orthodox medicine, alternative therapy is not always practiced by qualified people.
- 58 Half a century ago, herbal medicine and simple inorganic compounds were the most efficient treatments found.
- 59 The World Health Organization has shown interest in alternative therapies.

Amnesty International is a world-wide volunteer organization funded entirely by subscriptions and donations. It is totally independent of any government, political faction,

ideology, economic interest or religious creed.

The organization works for the release of 'Prisoners of conscience' — men, women and children imprisoned anywhere for their beliefs, colour, sex, ethnic origin, language or religion. It also seeks fair and immediate trial for all political prisoners detained without charge, and opposes torture and the degrading treatment of prisoners. It is also against the death penalty for all types of crime.

Amnesty works by collecting information. When it
has proof that a person is a 'prisoner of conscience' that
person's case is handed over to a local group. The local
groups are ordinary individuals who believe in Amnesty's
work. They send letters to governments, embassies, leading
newspapers and the prisoner's family and friends. They also
collect signatures and raise money to send medicine, food
and clothing to the prisoners and their families. These
volunteers use their freedom of speech to win the same
freedom for their adopted prisoner.

Paradoxically, Amnesty International is an organization that will only be satisfied when it has become redundant.

Internet: <www.miguelmllop.com> (adapted).

Based on the text, judge the following items.

- **60** Amnesty International is an organization spread all over the world.
- 61 To a certain extent, Amnesty International is not linked to any governmental institution.
- 62 Some people can be arrested for unjustifiable reasons.
- 63 Political prisoners may be sent to jail without facing previous trial.
- 64 Amnesty International is in favour of death penalty regardless of the crime committed.
- 65 A person is under the responsibility of an Amnesty's local group when some kind of injustice is attested against him/her.
- 66 Amnesty's local groups consist of common people.
- 67 All Amnesty's local groups can do is to send letters to governments, foreign representations, to the best newspapers and to the prisoners' family and friends.
- The Amnesty's local group is the one to have freedom of speech.
- 69 "redundant" $(\ell.24)$ means not needed.

People need to be active to be healthy. Our modern lifestyle and all the conveniences we've become used to have made us sedentary — and that's dangerous for our health.

- Sitting around in front of the TV or the computer, riding in the car for even a short trip to the store and using elevators instead of stairs or ramps all contribute to our inactivity.
- Physical inactivity is as dangerous to our health as smoking!

Add up your activities during the day in periods of at least 10 minutes each. Start slowly... and build up. If you're already doing some light activities move up to more moderate ones. A little is good, but more is better if you want to achieve health benefits.

Scientists say accumulate 60 minutes of physical activity every day to stay healthy or improve your health. Time needed depends on effort — as you progress to moderate activities, you can cut down to thirty minutes, four days a week.

Physical activity doesn't have to be very hard to improve your health. This goal can be reached by building physical activities into your daily routine. Just add up in periods of at least ten minutes each throughout the day. After three months of regular physical activity, you will notice a difference — people often say getting started is the hardest part.

Handbook for Canada's Physical Activity Guide to Healthy Active

Living. p. 4. Canadian Society for Exercise Physiology, Ottawa,
Ontario, 1998. Internet:www.miguelmllop.com (adapted).

Based on the text, judge the items below.

- 70 Lack of action can bring about unhealthy consequences.
- 71 Health and action are closely linked.
- 72 Our present lifestyle can be considered harmful.
- 73 Stairs or ramps can contribute to our inactivity.
- 74 Each activity should last 10 minutes.
- 75 Moderate activities require less time.
- 76 To improve one's health must be tiring.
- "every day" (ℓ .14) can be rewritten as **everyday**.

Mobile risk

Due to the rapid increase and development of mobile communication devices and other items of electronic equipment that emit non-ionizing radiation, there is general public awareness of the potential health effects of electromagnetic fields.

Although various authorities, such as the World Health Organization (WHO), state that no major public health risks have emerged from several decades of research, uncertainties remain. The potential health effects of exposure to electromagnetic fields continue to await scientific clarification. For instance, WHO has established an international project to assess the scientific evidence for the possible health effects of electromagnetic fields. It is expected that all the health risk assessments will be completed by the end of 2010.

It may be argued that economic and cultural globalisation has given rise to a collective sensitivity to risk (Jaeger *et al.*, 2001) such that different kinds of claims are admitted to the political agenda. This sensitivity is a generalized awareness of a growing capacity to interfere with nature and an awareness of the fallibility of science, the vulnerability of the human body and the fragility of the biosphere. It is accompanied by a search for epistemological security along with a decrease in public trust in experts, science and technology. Various factors point to this: scientific controversies, for example, are laid bare in the media, those in authority espouse precautionary politics and the layperson's interpretation of risks in relation to moral justice leads to political and judicial struggles.

Internet: <www.acs.org.aujrpit> (adapted).

According to the text,

- 78 electromagnetic fields may have effects on health.
- 79 a project to assess the scientific evidence for the possible health effects of electromagnetic fields has been established by the World Health Organization.
- all the health risk assessments of effects of electromagnetic fields on health will be completed before the end of 2010.
- 81 there has been a lot of arguments about economic and cultural globalisation.
- 82 economic and cultural globalisation has given way to a rapid increase and development of mobile communication devices.

In the text,

- 83 "The potential health effects of exposure to electromagnetic fields continue to await scientific clarification" (l.9-11) can be correctly translated as Os potenciais efeitos da exposição a campos eletromagnéticos sobre a saúde continuam aguardando esclarecimentos científicos.
- 84 "It may be argued that economic and cultural globalisation has given rise to a collective sensitivity to risk" (l.16-17) can be correctly translated as **Pode-se argumentar que a globalização econômica e cultural tem dado origem a um risco de sensibilidade coletiva**.
- 85 The word "layperson" in "and the layperson's interpretation of risks in relation to moral justice leads to political and judicial struggles" (\ell.27-29) can be correctly translated as leigo.

Violations may damage treaty

Export of Coltech's microfilm products to Tanzania has been suspended pending an investigation into charges that the products do not comply with national export regulations. Five customs officials have been charged accepting bribes to ignore the regulations. While Coltech's managers have denied the claim that they intentionally deceived authorities and buyers, local business people are concerned that the scandal will be perceived by Tanzania as a lack of goodwill on the part of Canadian business in general.

Regulations enforcement officials were alerted to the scheme when they received complaints from their Tanzanian counterparts. "Coltech products are considered to be of superior quality and as a result are in high demand. However, Coltech has been losing money in recent years. It is quite possible that the poor quality of the products in question was a result of a strategy to reduce this deficit", explains Customs Officer Steve Delrey.

Coltech's spokeswoman has declined to comment, but when asked, a former manager said, "In light of the situation, the current management will be expected to step down, and control of the company will be up for grabs."

Internet: <www.edusoft.co.il>(adapted).

Judge the following items according to the text.

- 86 The text is about a customs scandal involving Coltech.
- 87 The Canadian company will be compensated for losses.
- **88** Coltech's microfilm products are in accordance with Tanzania's import regulations.
- 89 A Coltech's competitor fabricated the story about Coltech's managers being involved in bribes as an strategy to put Coltech out of business.
- 90 The export of Coltech's products has been suspended, because Coltech was going out of business.
- 91 The scandal will force the Coltech's current management to control the investigation.
- **92** Tanzania has ceased doing business with Canadian companies.

In the text,

- 93 "goodwill" (l.9) means a good relationship, as of a business enterprise with its customers or a nation with other nations.
- 94 in 'Coltech products are considered to be of superior quality and <u>as a result</u> are in high demand' (ℓ .13-14), the underlined expression brings the idea of consequence.
- 95 "However" (ℓ .15) expresses the idea of addition.
- 96 in "a <u>former</u> manager" (l.20), the underlined word can be correctly translated as **anterior**.

Generation Diva

How our obsession with beauty is changing our kids.

Sounds extreme? Maybe. But this, my friends, is the new normal: a generation that dyes and shapes, younger and with more vigor. Girls today are salon vets before they enter elementary school.

Reared on reality TV and celebrity makeovers, girls are using beauty products earlier, spending more and still feeling worse about themselves.

Why are this generation's standards different? To start, this is a group that's grown up on pop culture that screams, again and again, that everything, *everything*, is a candidate for upgrading. These girls are maturing in an age when older women are taking even more extreme measures, from Botox to liposuction.

A combination of new technology and the Web is responsible — at least in part — for this transformation in attitudes. Ads for the latest fashions, makeup tips and grooming products are circulated with a speed and fury unique to this millennium — on millions of ads, message boards and Facebook pages. Digital cameras come complete with retouching options, and anyone can learn how to use Photoshop to blend and tighten and thin. "None of this existed when I was growing up, and now it's just like in your face," says Solomon, 30. "Kids aren't exempt just because they're young."

Internet: <www.newsweek.com> (adapted).

Based on the text above, judge the following items.

- 97 "girls are using beauty products earlier, spending more and still feeling worse about themselves" (\$\ell\$.5-7) can be correctly translated as **as meninas estão usando produtos de beleza mais cedo, gastando mais e se sentindo piores em relação às outras**.
- 98 The word "upgrading" $(\ell.11)$ can be correctly replaced by **improving**, without changing the general meaning of the text.
- 99 "A combination of new technology and the Web is responsible at least in part for this transformation in attitudes" (l.14-16) can be correctly translated as Uma combinação de novas tecnologias e da Internet é responsável, em grande parte, por esta transformação nas atitudes.
- 100 "Kids aren't exempt just because they're young" (ℓ.23-24) can be correctly translated as **As crianças não estão isentas apenas porque são jovens**.